Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIV.---NO. 125. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1899. WHOLE NO. 9,983

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

A reunion of ex-slaveholders and slaves will be held in Chattanooga in September. —— The A. C. L. is said to have acquired a half interest in the lease of the Georgia railroad, held by the L. and N.—Commissioners of agriculture of the Southern States will meet in convention in New Orleans September 20. —— Nearly all the convalescent fever patients at the Soldiers' Home have fully recovered. —Columbia beat Defender in yesterday's race. —— Weather Bureau's crop report says in nearly all sections cotton is opening rapidly and picking is in progress. —— The War Department has arranged to send two more ship loads of supplies to Porto Rico. —New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent., the last loan being at 3 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6 5-16c; flour easier in tone, but not quotably lower as holders refused toname concessions in spite of sharp wheat break; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red, 76½c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 38c; oats—spot dull, No. 2 white 26½@27c; rosin firm; spirits turpentine firm at 51½@52c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., August 15.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 78 degrees, 8 P. M., 75 degrees; maximum, 80 degrees; minimum, 72 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .54; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 5.28 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., .3 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Showers have occurred in all districts during the 24 hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday, and were heavy from the lower Mississippi valley to the Georgia coast. Generally lower temperature prevailed. Heavy Rainfalls—Allendale, Ga., 3.00; Waynesboro, Miss., 2.50; Amite, La., 1.50; Charleston, S. C., 1.05.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—For North Carolina—Rain Wednesday, northeasterly to northerly gales. Thursday fair.

Port Almanac--August 16.

Sun Rises	5.21 A. M.
Sun Sets	6 47 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 26 M.
High Water at Southport	2.33 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	5.53 A. M.

A Jersey city man committed suicide in jail to escape taking a bath. They should not resort to cruel and unusual punishments in those New Jersey jails.

Several American officers in Porto Rico have married Porto Rico girls. A practical illustration of "assimilation" that means something and has no shot-gun behind it.

The question "how to stop lynching" in the South is a standing topic of discussion. The surest and quickest way to do it will be to stop the crimes that provoke lynching.

The Boston alderman who voted against appropriating money to welcome Dewey is named Brick. Since then he has had a good many bricks, figuratively speaking, hurled at him.

There is a diminutive bush-tail gold fish found in China, which is so highly prized as a curiosity that they have been sold for more than $1,000 each. This is a little China fish story for which we do not vouch.

The last bit of political gossip is that some Democrats are manœuvring to use Admiral Schley as a candidate for President or Vice President. The Democrats are not so badly at sea on that question that they have to hunt up an Admiral.

Some years ago the question in Australasia was how to get rid of the rabbit. Since 1873 they have got rid of 200,000,000 of them by knocking them on the head, peeling the hide off and shipping them to Europe. Canning the meat has become an established industry. New Zeland alone ships over 15,000,000 a year.

When Mrs. Felton, at the meeting of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, advocated taxing dogs as one of the ways to encourage sheep culture, she was cheered. If Mrs. F. went before the Georgia Legislature and advocated taxing dogs she would not be cheered, for the dog has a grip on the average legislature, compared with which the sheep is nowhere.

It is said that Japanese laborers, under contract are pouring into Hawaii at the rate of about 1,500 a month. It will be the same way in the Philippines if we hold our grip on them. The labor of that country will be Japanese and Chinese, against which American labor, if it went there, would stand no chance. We are wasting lives and money to hold these islands for the benefit of the rich who will gobble up what is worth gobbling.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The passenger steamer *New York* cleared at 5 o'clock yesterday morning for New York via Charleston.

— There was no meeting of the City Board of Audit and Finance yesterday afternoon on account of the lack of a quorum.

— The regular weekly meeting of Grace Epworth League will be held this evening at 8.15 o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

— The steamer *Seabright*, for Shallotte and Little River, S. C., is tied up at her wharf, near the foot of Dock street, awaiting favorable weather.

— The inspection of the tug *Navassa* and the steamboat *Cœsus* takes place to-day. Mr. Rice, the hull inspector, is already here and Capt. Groom will arrive to-day.

— The river steamboats *Hawes* and *Hurt* arrived at 7 o'clock yesterday morning from their respective trips to Clear Run and Fayetteville. Both returned late yesterday afternoon.

— The Sunday School pic-nic of Immanuel Presbyterian Church which was to have been given on the steamer *Wilmington* to-day has been postponed until to-morrow, on account of the inclement weather.

— A chimney burning out at the residence of Mr. S. P. Collier, corner of Front and Mulberry streets, called out the fire department last evening about 6.30 o'clock. No damage resulted from the blaze.

— The unfavorable weather conditions last night necessitated the indefinite postponement of the moonlight excursion announced by Capt. Harper to have been given on the steamer *Wilmington* to Carolina Beach.

— The dredge boats and flats being used in clearing and deepening the channel of the lower Cape Fear were brought up to the city and anchored near Skinner's ship yard last night, as a precaution against damage by the storm.

— Janie Richardson, colored, was tried by Justice McGowan yesterday for the larceny of $32.50 from Bright Jackson, a colored employe of one of the A. C. L. construction trains. The case against the woman was dismissed for want of evidence.

— Contractor G. M. Summerell is making preparations to commence work at once on the repairs to the city prison, according to plans and specifications, under which he was awarded the contract at the August meeting of the Board of Aldermen.

— The condition of Theodore Darkley, who is sick at the jail, was unchanged yesterday, though he has suffered no further hemorrhages. It is probable that by permission of Judge Purnell he may be given better quarters within a few days.

— Capt. R. P. Paddison, Secretary, requests the STAR to tender the thanks of the Moore's Creek Monumental Association to Mr. N. F. Parker for presenting that body with a handsome table and chair to be used at the celebration to-morrow.

— There were sales of spirits turpentine on the wharf yesterday at 48½@49 cents. The receipts were 251 casks, nearly half of which was brought down from Black River on board the steamer *E. A. Hawes*. Tar sold for $1.80 per barrel and there was a firm demand.

— Mountain Island defeated Concord at base ball on the latter's diamond Monday afternoon in a score of four to three. Mountain Island made her runs in the eighth and ninth innings by errors on the part of Concord. Concord scored in the second, fourth and eighth innings.

— A tree which fell across the railway on Front between Orange and Ann streets about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, tied up street car traffic for a short while. Passengers were transferred, however, until the debris was removed from the track, and little inconvenience was experienced thereby.

— The joint committee of Odd Fellows having in charge the arrangements for the entertainment of the Odd Fellows' orphans from Goldsboro upon the occasion of their visit to the city August 22nd, will meet with Orion Lodge to-morrow night for the purpose of making final preparations for the coming of the children, of which there are forty-two in number.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. Gore—Pork.
S. W. Sanders—Tea.
Wescott & Stone—Bagging and ties.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

T. D. Love—Picnic cheese.

Accident at Gas Plant.

Last night about 8 o'clock the armature of the large dynamo at the works of the Wilmington Gas Light Company, corner Surry and Castle streets burned out and for a short time the incandescents furnished by the company in different parts of the city failed to illuminate. The company's well equipped plant was, however, equal to the occasion an an extra machine kept on hand at all times for such emergencies, was put to work and about 9 o'clock the entire machinery was again in perfect working order and lights shining as bright as ever. A similar accident occurred at the plant several weeks ago, and it is learned they were quite expensive as as the necessary repair cannot in either instance be madee for less than $500.

BEACHES ABANDONED

Severe Wind and High Breakers Cause Many Cottagers and Visitors

TO SEEK SAFETY IN THE CITY.

Expect to Return to Their Cottages or Hotels To-day or To-morrow—Orton Crowded Last Night—Yesterday's Storm Conditions.

The weather conditions and the approach of the West Indian storm (erstwhile hurricane) was the most general as well as exciting topic among Wilmingtonians and Wrightsville and Carolina Beach cottagers yesterday. Indeed so exciting did the situation become on the two beaches that during the afternoon and evening large numbers of the cottagers and guests at the hotels came up to the city to spend the night. While no damage was done to property, either in the city or on Wrightsville and Carolina Beach, the velocity of the wind, particularly on the two beaches, was sufficient to cause much uneasiness. The Weather Bureau records show that the highest velocity of the wind in the city during the day was thirty miles an hour. This velocity was reached several times, notably about 4:30 A. M. and between 2 and 3 P. M. But on both beaches the wind was several times really terrific, reaching, it is estimated by several competent judges, a velocity of not less than sixty-five miles an hour.

As the day advanced and the fierce storm conditions seemed unabated the advice of Mr. W. H. Fallon, the Weather Observer, was asked by hundreds of people as to the advisability of remaining on the beach during the night. In each instance Mr. Fallon said that while he did not believe there would be any special danger still he thought it best for the cottagers to come up to the city for the night as a matter of precaution.

On Wrightsville Beach.

As a result of Mr. Fallon's advice the Wilmington Seacoast train from Wrightsville Beach arriving in the city at 12:15, 4:30 and 6:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon brought large numbers of cottagers and Seashore and Ocean View Hotel guests. It is estimated that there were nearly 1,000 people on the train leaving the beach at 3:45 o'clock and the other trains were well freighted with cottagers and visitors seeking safety in the city, the people fearing to stay on Wrightsville Beach, especially because of the isolation of the beach from the mainland by banks' channel and the sound, making escape in case of a tidal wave or severe hurricane rather difficult.

The fact is the only cottagers who mustered courage to spend last night on the beach were the families of Mr. E. J. Powers, Mr. J. A. Arringdale, Capt. E. W. Vancourt Lucas, Mr. James Worth, Mr. C. W. Whitlock and Mr. Hall. All the guests from both the hotels came to the city for the night. Mrs. Mayo and family remained at Ocean View Hotel. Several members of Kittie Club also remained on the beach. At no time during the day or up to a late hour last night did the breakers sweep over the beach to the Banks channel. They washed under Ocean View Hotel when the tide was the highest, the water going as far back as the railroad track. This was at high tide early in the afternoon.

A member of the STAR staff visited the beach on the 5.15 train, returning to the city about 7.30.

The wind reached the highest velocity attained during the day about 6 o'clock last night. At that time it was almost impossible to walk on the beach or stand in an exposed place about a building, the velocity of the wind being so great as to almost carry you away bodily. The wind, too, was freighted with fine sand which well nigh penetrated the flesh. The view of the ocean was magnificent. As far as the eye could see there stretched a succession of seething billows, some of them apparently twenty or thirty feet high, breaking one over the other in a mad race for the shore, presenting a picture the grandeur of which beggars description.

Quite a number of gentlemen went down on the 7.15 train last night especially to see the storm at sea. Some returned at 10 o'clock last night and others (very few) remained over night.

The train returned to the beach last night at 11 o'clock and remained all night, so as to be at hand should it be necessary to move the few people remaining on the beach to Wrightsville or the city.

At about 11 o'clock last night a STAR reporter was told over the telephone by Capt. Lucas, who spent the night at his cottage, that the wind was blowing fully fifty or sixty miles an hour, but that no damage had apparently been done to the cottages, either by wind or breakers.

On Carolina Beach.

There was no undue alarm or excitement at Carolina Beach yesterday, the facilities there for escape from the "pitiless peltings of the storm" being ample in case of dire necessity. Nevertheless, many of the cottagers, as a matter of precaution, came up to the city last evening. Many others, however, remained, having no apprehension of any serious result.

Captain Harper went back to the pier with the steamer *Wilmington* after the 7:30 trip and anchored during the night ready to take the remaining residents of the beach on board and bring them to the city should the storm conditions become so severe as to drive them from the beach for refuge.

The tide yesterday afternoon on Carolina Beach was the highest that has been known in many years. The breakers swept over the beach to the sound at both the Sedgeley Hall and Hanover Seaside Club houses, as well as the intervening beach.

At the hotel the surf also washed up quite high, reaching the steps and throwing spray on the porches. There are forty cottages above the hotel and the surf flowed between them all, breakers actually rolling up on the porches in several instances and washing into cottage hallways. The cottages are, however, so well anchored and have withstood the powerful force of so many storms that the occupants entertained little fear of serious results.

The Night in the City.

According to weather prognostications the worst part of the storm was to have reached Wilmington soon after midnight last night, but up to 3 o'clock this morning, barring an occasional gust of possibly twenty-five miles velocity, there was nothing to suggest the approach of a storm.

At 8 o'clock last night Mr. Fallon, observer at the Wilmington station, made the following report:

The storm continues to move slowly up the coast. It is now central between Wilmington and Charleston, and has been accompanied during the day by high northerly winds from Norfolk, Va., to Charleston, S. C., the following maximum wind velocities being reported up to 8 P. M: Charleston, 56 north; Wilmington and Norfolk, 30, northwest. Another gale is prevailing over the west Gulf coast. Generally cloudy weather and rain prevailed during the day over the Middle and South Atlantic and Gulf States, with lower temperature, continuing to night; elsewhere the weather is generally clear, with an area of high temperature extending from the central Ohio valley south westward The centre of the coast storm will probably pass Wilmington during the night, followed Wednesday by decreasing northerly winds.

In speaking of the storm last night, Mr. Fallon, of the Weather Bureau, said that the present storm is moving the slowest of any storm on record for many years. For instance, on August 14th, at 8 A. M., it was between Jacksonville and Tampa; at 8 P. M., August 14th, it was reported off Jacksonville; August 15th, at 8 A. M., it was just south of Charleston, and last night at 8 P. M., just south of Wilmington.

It is very much to be hoped that Wilmington and the beaches have seen all they will get of it.

BENEFITS OF MEMBERSHIP.

In the Young Men's Christian Association Emphasized—Excellent Success Attending Effort for New Members.

The special and already very successful effort being made by officers and committees of the Young Men's Christian Association to secure new members is growing apace, applications for membership being received daily and the work of the Association much quickened in every department. The annual membership dues, it will be remembered, have been reduced to $5.00 with no initiation fee. Secretary Caldwell has just issued a neatly printed statement of the advantages which are offered by the Young Men's Christian Association. Notable features are the "Star Course" and the "Popular Course" of entertainments, gymnasium, reading room, night school, weekly Bible study, weekly fellowship meetings, parlors, games, library, etc. Partial lists of the attractions booked for the "Star Course" and the "Popular Course" of entertainments have been previously published. The complete list is as follows:

The Star Course—Dr. Russell Conwell, Fadett's Women's Orchestra, Meigg Sisters, Prof. Louis Favour, Rogers-Grilley.

The Popular Course—The Six Sisters, Sunetaro, Ottumwa Quartette, Brehany Company (Suavlet Pianist), H. A. Sprague.

The canvass for these two courses is succeeding very well, so that both are assured, and the dates for the entertainments are to be so arranged that there will be no conflict.

MAYOR'S COURT YESTERDAY.

Cases to Test Validity of Scavenger Ordinance—Other Matters Considered.

Fred Hill and Peter Bryant, the colored men arrested several days ago for doing scavenger work without license from the city, in conflict with the new scavenger ordinance, were arraigned in the muncipal court yesterday morning. A. J. Marshall, Esq., counsel for the negroes, appeared for them and after submitting the case appealed it to the Superior Court and presented bonds for both in the sum of $25 each, with T. B. Sykes as surety.

It is understood that the appeal is taken in order to make a test of the validity of the scavenger ordinance recently adopted.

It is learned that objection to its validity will be raised on account of the manner in which it was passed and it will be further tested aside from this fact as to its constitutionality. The defendants claim further that they were doing the work under a contract which existed prior to the adoption of the ordinance in this particular.

Other cases tried yesterday were: Spencer Stanford, colored, drunkenness and disorderly conduct; fined $5. Wm. Hay and Peter Hogan, two sailors from on board the steamship *New York* were let off with the costs for being drunk and down on the street.

PROBABLY A SUICIDE.

White Man Tired of Life Dies From the Effects of An Overdose of Laudanum.

Edward Roderick, a huckster, aged about 38 years, died yesterday morning at 9.30 o'clock, at his home, No. 720 South Seventh street, from the effects of an overdose of laudanum, taken, as he said, to "end his troubles on earth."

Roderick on Monday afternoon remarked to his sister, Mrs. Josephine Mintz, that he intended to kill himself and on the following night he exhibited to his nephew, Edgar Mintz, a bottle of laudanum, at the same time remarking that he was going to take it; that he was tired of life and wanted to end his miseries.

About 12 o'clock Monday night he went to his home and fell in a stupor to the floor. He was picked up and carried into the house, where he remained unconscious until his death yesterday morning. Dr. W. D. McMillan was summoned a few hours before the death of the unfortunate man, but his services came too late, and Dr. Zachary, to whom the case was given by Dr. McMillan was unable at the advanced stage of Roderick's stupor, to revive him. On his person was found an empty bottle bearing a laudanum label and there is no doubt that the contents were taken with the object of ending life.

Domestic trouble is said by relatives of the deceased to have been the cause of the rash deed.

Deceased leaves a wife and five children. The funeral will be from the late residence this morning at 10 o'clock, the services being conducted by Elder J. W. S. Harvey.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. D. G. Wright, of Gibson, is in the city.

— Mr. J. T. Bland, of Burgaw, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. E. B. Wright, of Broadman, is a visitor in the city.

— Mr. E. K. Proctor Jr., of Lumberton, is at at The Orton.

— Mr. A. E. Stevens, of Newbern, is in the city for several days.

— Mr. R. V. Ward, of Wampee, S. C., arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Burdis Anderson, of Broadman, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. A. Brock, of Anderson, S. C., was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. C. Harllee, of Florence, S. C., a popular travelling man, is in the city.

— Mr. Milton Clark and wife, of Florence, were registered at The Orton yesterday.

— The STAR is glad to note that Mr. I. M. Bear, who has been quite sick, is much improved.

— Miss Louis C. Reckling, of Columbia, is spending some time with friends in the city and at Wrightsville.

— Miss Mable Folsom, of Sumter, S. C, is on a visit to her aunt, Mrs. R. Fowler, No. 415 South Front street.

— Rev. E. Pearce, pastor of the Baptist Church at Southport, came up to the city yesterday afternoon to "escape the hurricane."

— Mr. T. J. Capel and wife, of Bennettsville, S. C., came up from Carolina Beach yesterday afternoon, anticipating the hurricane.

— Mrs. W. P. O'Neill and children, of Columbia, S. C., who have been guests at Ocean View Hotel the past month, were at The Orton yesterday en route home.

— Mrs. Della Williams and children, Mrs. G. A. Burns and children and Mr. H. E. Sheetz came down from Fayetteville on the *Hurt* yesterday morning en route to Carolina Beach.

— Miss Nan. Huggins returned yesterday from a very pleasant visit of several weeks to friends in Kenansville and Clinton. She is accompanied by Miss Jones of Kenansville who is Miss Huggins' guest.

— Mr. C. E. VonKampen, his niece, Mrs. J. W. H. Fuchs and two children, have gone on a visit to Newhaus, province of Hanover, Germany, where they will remain for several months. Newhaus is Mr. VanKapmen's old home.

Southside Call Declined.

Mr. B. F. Littleton yesterday received a letter from Rev. B. Lacy Hoge, of Concord, declining the call to the pastorate of Southside Baptist church, which was recently extended to him by the Board of Deacons of that congregation. Rev. Mr. Hoge wrote that he had served his present church for only one year and did not feel justified in resigning to accept the pastorate here.

Excursion Rates to Philadelphia, Pa.

The Atlantic Coast Line will sell round trip tickets to Philadelphia, Pa., on account of G. A. R. Annual Encampment at one fare. Tickets sold September 1st, 2nd and 3rd, continuous passage, and limited to return, leaving Philadelphia not later than September 12th, 1899.

Extension of return limit to September 30th may be obtained by depositing ticket with Joint Agent at Philadelphia between September 5th and 9th (both days inclusive) and on payment of fee of 50 cents at time of deposit.

Merchants going North to purchase their Winter stock can avail themselves of these tickets. †

GENERAL ROAD LAW.

Will be Made Operative Through New Hanover County Without Delay.

SUPERINTENDENT ELECTED.

Capt. John Barry Elected for Period of One Year at Meeting of Commissioners Yesterday—Line Fence Building Also Considered.

Capt. John Barry was elected County Road Superintendent for New Hanover at a special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners held yesterday afternoon for the purpose considering this and other questions deferred from the regular meeting of the Board on the first Monday in August.

All members of the Board were present as was also County Attorney W. B. McKoy.

The election of Captain Barry was made after an extended conference lasting for more than an hour and a half. His salary, which is left at the discretion of the Board in the act authorizing the election was fixed at $75 per month, and it is understood that the general road law will become operative in the county at the earliest possible moment. Prisoners from the work house, it is understood, will also be employed on the public roads, and the Commissioners already have assurance from Judge Battle that the petition for the regular convict system so admirably being employed in other counties, will be allowed in New Hanover county.

In making the tax assessments for the fiscal year in June the Board included a uniform levy of ten cents per hundred on property and thirty cents on the poll, for the maintenance of the new system about to be put into effect.

The election of a superintendent was made in accordance with Chapter 581 of the Public Laws of North Carolina, which is entitled "An act to provide for the better working of the public roads and highways of the State" and which is commonly termed the "general road law." The act provides for the election of a superintendent at the first regular session of the commissioners in June, but for reasons satisfactory, the election has been postponed from time to time until yesterday. The superintendent has general control over the roads of the entire county and is required by law to make a monthly report to the commissioners of progress and of the moneys expended. At the end of each quarter he is required to submit another report, one on the condition of roads and bridges of the county, plans for their improvement and a complete inventory of all tools and implements in the road service. His bond is fixed by the act at $2,000 and his salary is fixed by the commissioners. The appointment of guards for the management of convicts is delegated to the commissioners and the road superintendent. The county treasurer, by the act, becomes the treasurer of the road fund and for his services the act authorizes a commission not exceeding two per cent. He is also required to make a monthly statement of the condition of the road fund to the commissioners as well as a semi annual report, embracing those made during the months.

County Fence Committee.

The committee appointed at the last meeting of the Board to look into the matter of the building of the line fence between New Hanover and Pender counties made necessary by the no-fence law, which goes into effect in New Hanover on December 15th of the present year, submitted the following report:

To the Chairman and County Commissioners:

Your committee appointed on county fence do recommend the following: That said fence shallbe all of 12 gauge steel wiree xcept bottom strand, which shall be of hog proof barbed wire, the strands to be 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 7, 8 and 9 inches apart, the cross or upright to be 6 inches apart in lower 30 inches and 12 inches apart in the upper 28 inches.

That iron posts be used 7 feet long and placed 16½ feet apart and braced each hundred yards with heavy wire as one brace and scantling 4x6 as the other brace. That 10x10 inch black cypress or cedar posts be used for gate posts and each gate post be properly braced by 4x6 inch scantling. We further recommend that bids be asked for.

1st. The entire fence to be complete and erected.

2nd. For fence and iron posts delivered at depot either at Castle Hayne or Scott's Hill.

3rd. For taking material at either of above places and erecting the fence.

4th. That bids for five gates nine feet wide with hinges and fastenings.

D. McEACHERN,
W. F. ALEXANDER,
JOHN BARRY,
Committee.

The report was adopted and upon motion it was referred again to the same committee for the purpose of arranging the advertisement for bids in accordance with the specifications and for the further purpose of corresponding with dealers relative to the purchase of material necessary for the work.

The matter of bank stock assessments, left over from the preceding meeting, was again deferred until certain information, which has been written for, is received.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

THE SECOND REGIMENT BAND.

Will Participate in Moore's Creek Battle Ground Celebration.

A great many people who are anxious to attend the Moore's Creek Battle Ground Celebration to morrow were gratified to learn from the morning papers yesterday that Gov. Russell would not be the orator on that occasion and in fact had not been asked to deliver an address at all. It is certain that, provided the weather is favorable, the 9 o'clock A. and Y. train to-morrow morning will carry a very large crowd who will take advantage of the special one fare for the round trip rate which is made for this occasion. Those who attend can spend the entire day at the Battle Ground, returning to the city at 6.50 o'clock. The Second Regiment Band of this city has been engaged and will participate in the programme.

AT CAMP KENAN, CAROLINA BEACH.

Boys of First Brigade Are Enjoying Encampment—The Storm.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

CAMP KENAN, CAROLINA BEACH, Aug. 15.

We wish to thank Messrs. A. Fantopular & Co. for a 5 gallon freezer of ice cream. Captain Dudley and Private Linder, who went to the city Sunday, brought us six fine watermelons, and we enjoyed them and the cream very much.

The detail for to-day is as follows: Officer of the day, Captain Dudley; sergeant of the guard, Sergeant Parker; corporal of the guard, Corporal Presson.

At target practice this morning Adjutant Hall missed the entire target twice, but at the last his shot hit the bull's eye.

Last night a storm rose and a strong southeast wind is now blowing. It blew some of the tents down. But we are getting along fine. C. E. B.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—13 casks spirits turpentine, 11 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—85 casks spirits turpentine, 155 barrels rosin, 83 barrels tar, 20 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—16 casks spirits turpentine, 1 barrel rosin, 61 barrels tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—121 casks spirits turpentine, 220 barrels tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—16 casks spirits turpentine, 34 barrels rosin, 136 barrels tar.

Total—Spirits turpentine, 251 casks; rosin, 190 barrels; tar, 511 barrels; crude turpentine, 22 barrels.

The Local Quarantine.

Quarantine officer H. H. Woebse, who has been on duty since the outbreak of yellow fever at the Soldiers' Home on the W. & W. railroad between Rocky Mount and Goldsboro, was in the city yesterday for a short while, returning to his post of duty last night. During his brief vacation, Chief Officer Green made a trip up the road and upon his return last night expressed himself as pleased with the work being done. Messrs. Walter Penny, John Smith, of Wilmington, and a colored barber a brother of J. W. Yarborough, the Front street barber, who were on the train yesterday afternoon from Norfolk were detained at Wallace on account of not having health certificates. They will probably receive them by wire and arrive in the city this morning. Officer Wiggins, who has been on duty at Newbern, has been called in, as practically all danger is over from passengers coming from that direction. While there is really no danger from any section, the quarantine will, nevertheless, be maintained for several days yet as a precautionary measure.

Shoe Stealing Cases.

The cases of Cato Boney and David Neal, the negroes in jail for the larceny of several pair of shoes from the store of Mr. M. Rosemann, on Market street, were called in Justice McGowan's court yesterday at 4 P. M. but were continued until the same hour to-day on account of Deputy Sheriff Hill Terry's absence in Raleigh, where he went to assist in carrying the convicts from the Criminal Court just ended.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR RENT from October 1st, that very desirable store

Now occupied by The Fish biate Clothing Company. Apply to DONALD MACRAE.
jy 23 tf tu th Bell 'Phone 347

At The Unlucky. SPEAKING of Tea.

I am selling a blended Tea for that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c. **35c**

Try it.

Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good.
A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate.
My 'Phones are 109.

S. W. SANDERS.
jy 18 tf

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR HOME BEER.

Pure and Mild. Ask for Wiener Export and take no other. Best in town.

Home Brewing Co., RICHMOND, VA.
Wilmington Branch,
DAVID CONNELL, Manager.
jy 9 tf 114 North Water street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

PROVISIONS

Wholesale only. Do not sell consumers or farmers.

We are the people. We undersell competition and guarantee satisfaction Get our prices and save yourself money.

We Sell D. S. Rib Sides.
D. S. Rib Bellies.
D. S. Backs and Butts.
Smoked Bellies.
Smoked Picnic Hams.
Pure Leaf Lard &c.

We are distributors for Powell, Smith & Co.'s celebrated brands of Cigars.

Cuban Blossom Cigars,
Renown Cigars,
Topical Twist Head Cigars,
Santa Bana Cigars.
aug 13 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it, It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 27 tf

BAGGING AND TIES.

500 ROLLS BAGGING.
600 BUNDLES TIES.
1500 LBS FRESH MULLETS.
1800 BUSHELS PURE VA. WATER GROUND MEAL.
100 SACKS GRITS.
300 BBLS RED SEAL FLOUR HALF PATENT.
200 BBLS FULL PATENT.
50 BOXES CANDY.
40 PAILS MIXED CANDY.
10 BBLS STICK CANDY.
200 BOXES FRESH CAKES.
100 CASES STAR LYE.
100 CASES TOMSON LYE.
200 CASES MENDLESON LYE.

WESCOTT & STONE, Wholesale Grocers.
aug 13 tf

Have Just Received for Monday's Trade.

FANCY SOFT PEACHES FOR CREAM, FANCY DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES, FLORIDA PINEAPPLES AND ALSO A NICE LINE OF CHOCOLATE CANDY

20c to 40c per lb.

TRY A SAMPLE POUND.
'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR ICE CREAM.

JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
aug 6 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

PORK, PORK.

200 bbls Reg. Mess Pork
100,000 lbs Rib Sides.
500 bbls Molasses.
200 bbls Sugar.
300 bags Coffee.
2,000 Machine Spirit Casks
4,000 bushels Corn.
1,000 bushels Meal.

Also, Salt, Rice, Tobacco, Drugs and other goods.

D. L. GORE,
120, 122 and 124 North Water street.
aug 11 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M., 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays.

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

je 6 tf J. W. HARPER, Manager.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.

THE FINEST, BEST SELECTED, CHEAPEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.

Special Bargains every week. My prices are spot cash, but to reliable parties I will sell on terms suited to the consumer. aug 1 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 16.

BRAINS ON THE FARM.

The long mooted question does farming pay may be answered by saying that it depends upon what is produced and how the farming is done. Some men would succeed and make money on farms where others would go to the poor house or starve to death. The good farmer, in a business sense, is not the man who works his land well, in a routine fashion, but the man who works his land well and then uses business judgment in planting those things for which he finds the readiest market and the most profit. We find mention made of such men sometimes, and we have such in this State, the success of some of whom we have noted in these columns. Mr. F. J. Meriam, of Georgia, is one, concerning whose operations the Richmond *Times* speaks as follows:

"Mr F. J. Meriam, a Georgia farmer, recently startled the farmers of that State and the president of the State Agricultural Society by giving them a little insight into his farming operations. Mr. Meriam told them that several years ago he came into possession of a small worn out farm, such as many of his hearers would not even look at. But he knew that around him were hundreds of thousands of persons eating up the earth, while there were but few engaged in an intelligent effort to cover the market. Accordingly he and his brother-in-law broke ground in 1893 to meet the market demands in Atlanta. The first year he made only $500, but the fact that $115 of that amount was dug from 250 hills of cucumbers convinced him that he was on the right track and he continued his operations. The next year his sales went up to $1.934, and he received $500 from one acre which he had planted in potatoes.

"At this point President Brown interrupted him to know if he meant what he said. Mr. Meriam replied that he had stated the exact fact, that he did grow $500 worth of potatoes on one acre of very poor ground. In 1895 he marketed $3,329 worth of vegetables. In the year 1896, as everybody remembers, there was a great outcry from the farmers about the hard times and there was a general demand for legislation that would improve their condition. But farmer Meriam did not depend upon legislation. He went to work on his little farm and he sold $5,068 worth of stuff, of which $764 67 came from lettuce, $583 from turnip salad and $434 from beets.

"At this point he was again interrupted by President Brown, who asked him what it cost him to raise this crop. Mr. Meriam told him that he could give him the exact figures for he kept a set of farming books in which he set down every item of expense. He had found in general terms that it cost him exactly one-third of what he produced to pay the necessary expenses of the farm from year to year, including repairs.

"He continued his narrative, showing what he had made in 1897 and in 1898, and wound up with the startling announcement that he intended to pocket from his farm this year the snug sum of $10,000."

This is a remarkable achievement on a small farm, and it is possible that there may be some exaggeration in it, but allowing for this, there is enough in it even if the figures be divided by two to show what can be done with industry and intelligent business methods on a small tract of ordinary or even, as in this case, on very poor land. Mr. Meriam didn't try to make a living and money on his poor land by raising cotton or something else that everybody else was raising, but having located near a large city with a hundred thousand of so of people to feed, he took in the situation and concluded that he could find a market for the foodstuffs that they needed and then he set about raising such as could be grown to the best advantage and would yield the most profit. He raised stuff for which he had an every day unfailing market. Of course he had the advantage of being close to a large city, an advantage that comparatively few farmers have, but there are hundreds of farmers around that and other Georgia cities who never caught on to cultivating stuff for home people to eat. Thousands of them have raised melons, berries, peaches, &c., for Northern markets and have taken their chances on getting into market with the early shipments, and also the chances of missing the first calls and selling later for prices that paid but little if any paid at all.

If every farmer around the cities watched the home markets as closely as Mr. Meriam does and set to work to meet its needs as he does the demand would soon be supplied and the profits would be smaller, and perhaps he hasn't done the judicious thing for himself in so publicly advertising his operations and his profits; but farmers may learn from his story that money is to be made in farming by giving attention to these things that the smaller and not the larger number raise, and by keeping a business eye upon the markets and raising those things for which there is a steady demand which can be relied upon, and in which there is the least competition to cut prices down. Suppose other farmers within a reasonable distance of Atlanta and other large cities in Georgia, (and this applies to every Southern State) would devote their time to raising meat, poultry, eggs and to supplying milk, butter and canned fruits and vegetables, the hundreds of thousands of dollars paid out to producers in other States would go into the pockets of those Georgia farmers, whose showing might compare favorably with that of Mr. Meriam.

There are markets in every Southern State for millions of dollars' worth of vegetables, fruits, meats, butter, &c., very much of which, save the fresh vegetables and fruits, is imported from other States, which do not produce them as abundantly or as cheaply as they can be produced in the South.

The money for the Southern farmer is now and will be for some time in going out of the track travelled by the many and into the track travelled by the few, and then pursuing farming on business principles and not in a hap-hazard, slipshod way. As the merchant caters to the demands of his customers, so should the farmer study and anticipate the demands of the markets where he finds, or can make customers. That kind of farming will pay when the blind, methodless, take-your-chance kind will not.

GOOD AND BAD ROADS.

The U. S. Department of Agriculture has issued a pamphlet, prepared by Mr. M. E. Eldridge, who is in charge of the office of public road inquiry. He gives some valuable information based on replies to 10,000 letters sent out to reliable farmers and teamsters. He figures out from these replies that it costs on an average of 25 cents a ton to haul stuff a mile on our roads, while the same amount could be carried 200 miles by steamer and 50 miles by rail for the same money. In Europe, where they have better roads, the average cost of carrying a ton one mile is 7 cents, or a little over a quarter what it costs in this country.

An estimate of the cost of bad roads in this country puts it at $250,000,000 a year. This is practically a tax of $250,000,000 a year on the people, but as they do not have to put their hands in their pockets and shell out the money they do not seem to realize it, but it is a tax all the same, and they are paying it right along. This takes into account only the money actually lost by the cost of transportation, and does not consider the time lost when the roads are impassible, the large number of draft animals it is necessary to keep and to feed, nor does it take into consideration the loss in depreciation of land in country and town resulting from the difficulty of transportation. We spend about $30,000,000 a year in shiftless patching of roads, which is virtually throwing away that much money, but the patching is necessary and will be necessary until some sensible, systematic method for permanent improvement is adopted.

DON'T LIKE THE SHOW.

There are some of the New England papers which do not take to the Jewett-Baker (white-and-black)combination that is now performing up there. The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, one of the leading papers of that section, thus records its opinion of the bi-colored combination:

"The large audience that greeted Miss Lillian Clayton Jewett and the Baker family in Music Hall, Providence, Monday evening, as well as their Boston reception yesterday, will grieve all who lament that young person's indiscreet activity in the Baker case. Especially may demonstrations of this kind in the North embitter public feeling in the South, where the white people feel that it is time that they were left alone to work out their own great problem."

This is a very sensible view to take of this cheap show, which is doubtless being run in the interest principally of the cheeky, hustling individual in skirts who conceived and got it up. We have no doubt, either, that the *Republican* voices the sentiments of a majority of the sensible people of the section for which it speaks, including the more respectable element of the negroes. The white people up there became tired sometime ago of this negro racket, in which they take no interest, and which they are sick of having continually thrust upon them by seekers for notoriety, and fakirs like Miss Jewett, who is, doubtless, inspired more by prospective box receipts than anything else. Shows like that can't hurt the South.

Dr. Boaz, of Albemarle county, Va., isn't bothering himself much about the Klondike. He has sold his apple crop this year for $10,000.

INCREASE IN MANUFACTURED EXPORTS.

One of the most gratifying, and also significant features of our export trade, is the large and steady increase for some years in our exports of manufactures. When the statement is made that these amount to something over a quarter of our total exports it doesn't give an accurate idea of the progress that is being made, such as would be given by a statement in detail of the various articles exported and the class to which they belong, for this shows the industries that are making the most successful headway against foreign competition. The following statistical statement of the Treasury Department for the past fiscal year ending June 30th, throws some light on this; the values being given in millions of dollars and decimals:

	1899.	1898.	1897.	1889.
Machinery and tools	49 14	38.13	33.45	14.74
Agricultural machinery	12.43	7.61	5.24	5.62
Carriages, cars and cycles	9.86	10.27	9 95	3.09
Instruments	3.40	2.77	3.05	1.03
All machinery	78.74	58.78	51.69	22.49
Completed for use	16.35	12.89	9.95	3.65
Crude and unclassified	25.34	19.59	14.10	3.25
Totals	119.41	91.06	75.74	28.90

It may be noted that nearly all the articles embraced in this table are composed wholly or in part of iron and steel, the significance of which is that this country has reached that point where it can successfully compete with the world in the greatest of the manufacturing industries for iron bears the same relation to the manufacturing industries that cotton, wheat and corn do to the agricultural industry. It is substantially the base of other manufacturing industries and the nation that can lead in that will have little difficulty in leading in others. These figures give the progress made in a few years, and it is but the beginning.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Our Gatlings and Jorgensens have killed many more innocent people in the Philippines than the hurricane has killed in Porto Rico. The President and Secretary of War should stop the suffering of their own making.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— Recently we stated, on what seemed competent information, that the butter made by our neighborhood farmers was spoiled by feeding cows on cotton seed. An expert informs us that perhaps the best butter sent to Augusta from the country comes from cows thus fed, and that it would be hard to beat the butter he makes form cows fed on cotton seed meal and hulls.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— There is talk in Washington to the effect that Messrs. McKinley and Hanna want an early national convention next year, and that the platform will voice a strident Anti-Trust shriek. The Trusts will make no great pother over the shriek, but they certainly would not look with favor upon a long campaign, since it should be prolonged the greater would have to be their contributions to the corruption fund.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— The Keeley cure craze—which had the merit of discovering to suffering man that he can quit a habit if he really wants to—has about run its course. At one time it was a big thing and coined money from those engaged in it. Now the largest operator, manager of an hundred institutes in Missouri and Illinois, has collapsed, owing near one hundred thousand dollars and having not quite one hundred dollars of assets. This failure makes the end.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Author—"What excuse have you for abusing my book?" Critic—"I read it."—*Tit-Bits.*

— A Clincher—Gruffly—"It's no use talking to me any more, I'll never give my consent." "But, father, he has offered to support me!"—*Brooklyn Life.*

— The Prevailing Propensity: Telegraph Operator—"The message musn't exceed ten words." Fair Sender—"I can add a postscript, can't I?"—*Judge.*

— According to an old joke, Englishmen used to say: "It's a fine morning. Let's go out and kill something." But now they say: "It's a fine morning. Let's build some new battleships."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Some men are so deficient in the elements of success that they would never set the world on fire even if the world were insured in their favor.—*Detroit Journal.*

— "That editor," said the humorist, "is sour and crabbed enough, I must say." "Ah, I see," remarked his friend. "You mean he won't take a joke!"—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— "They tell me, Grimley, that your daughter sings with great expression." "Greatest expression you ever saw. Her own mother can't recognize her face when she's singing."—*Boston Traveler.*

— His Courage—Mamma—"You must be a little man, Johnny. Don't you remember how brave Tommy was when I took him to the dentist's?" Johnny (scornfully)—"He was never there before."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— An Idea: She—"What a lot of things they're inventing now; chainless wheels and horseless carriages, and all those things." He—"I wish some one would invent endless vacations."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Difference in Cities: New Yorker (affably acknowledging the introduction)—"From Chicago, eh? Glad to meet you. Chicago? Chicago? Isn't that where they kill hogs?" Chicago Man—"Yes, that's where they kill 'em. They don't turn the city over to 'em."—*Chicago Tribune.*

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: Thirteen soldiers, whose names have already been published, will leave here to-night for Vancouver barracks, Wash., to join the Thirty-fifth infantry for service in the Philippines. Lieutenant Douglas Settle, who has charge of the recruiting stations here and at Raleigh, says that twenty-eight men have been enlisted here since the 1st of August, while only four have been received at the office in Raleigh.

— Hendersonville *Times*: A cutting scrape occurred in the northern part of the city Tuesday night, the results of which are that Pink Rhodes, colored, is dead, and Berry Mitchell, colored, is a muderer and a fugitive from justice. The affair occurred about 10 o'clock p. m. Tuesday night at the home of Rhodes, but was not reported to the sheriff until 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, by which time Mitchell had made good his escape.

— Albermale *Enterprise:* A $30,000 knitting mill will be erected on the north end of the Efird Cotton Mill and nearlo joining it. The building will be 75x100 feeo, two stories. The mill will be owned and operated by Mess. Cannon, Webb, and McGill, and will have an output of 1000 pairs of hose per day, which is a large output for a knitting mill. Power will be obtained from the Efird Milk. It will be equipped for dyeing all its own product and it will also do dyeing fo r the Windemere Knitting Mill, which has been shipping its product to Durham for dyeing, heretofore. The mill will work about 300 hands for the day and night shift together

— Lincoln *Journal*: Robert Tutherow, a 10 year old son of Joe Tutherow, was seen climbing a tree Monday morning. Shortly after he was found on the ground at the foot of the tree, unconscious and in a convulsion, and he has been in a critical condition ever since. It is not known whether he was seized by a convulsion while in the tree and fell out, or whether he fell and received injuries which caused the convulsion. —— Lum Jetton, aged about 35 years, committed suicide at Lowesville Friday, by drinking two ounces of laudanum. The fact that he had taken poison was discovered too late to render the efforts made fo save his life successful and he died. He had been drinking heavily for some time.

— Shelby *Star*: An effort is being made to establish a large Cotton Seed Oil Mill in Shelby. Arrangements for the putting up of this plant have not yet been completed, but it is almost certain that Shelby will have the mill and that before long. There is ample capital behind the project, and if it is finally decided to erect the plant it will be a first class one. —— Dr. R. C. Ellis was summoned one night last week to the relief of Mrs. M. J. Walker and her five children, who were suffering from analine poisoning, caused by eating candy containing a liberal supply of this dye. The family lived near Ellis' Ferry, but were en route from Belwood to their home when the candy was purchased from a country store, and eaten by the mother and children. Before they had reached Shelby the entire family were desperately sick, and in a dangerous condition when the physician arrived. He arrested the vomiting and also curtailed their water drinking, two buckets of which had already been drunk by the five.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 22.
Burgaw, Burgaw, August 26-27.
Magnolia, Centenary, September 2-3.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 23 24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 26.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.

R. F. BUMPAS,
Presiding Elder.

PALM VARIETIES OF CUBA.

There Are Twenty-six Different Kinds on the Island.

Not only is the climate of Cuba favorable to the planting of crops whenever the farmer chooses to plant them and the lands so rich that no fertilization is ever required, but nature seems to have, with a beneficent hand, reared many strange trees and plants to supply the wants of man without the necessity of his planting them himself. First among these are the palms, some 26 varieties of which adorn the fields of Cuba, giving shade, food and life. At the head of these stands the royal palm.

The royal palm consists of a tall, straight trunk of a very fibrous nature and supports a cluster of pinnated leaves like a bunch of plumes on a long stick. The leaves are large and leathery. These leaves continue to grow from the center to a great length. When the leaves cannot grow any more, they drop to the ground from the bottom of the cluster, thus making room for the new ones which are always coming out of the center. It also yields in the proper season yellow flowers. The fruit cannot be eaten.

The stem of the long leaves is peculiar. It is semicircular and embraces the trunk of the tree and holds the leaf in place until it withers and drops to the ground. It resembles a thin board and is often of great size, and it has a number of uses. The trunk of the tree is without any bark, and its center is very porous, increasing in density toward the outer surface. From the hard outer shell of the trunk canes are made. The bud or root of the center spire, from which the leaves grow, consists of a tender substance buried deep down within the cluster of the green leaves and forms a very palatable food either in the raw state or cooked as a vegetable. It is also made into a preserve with sugar.

The royal palm is one of the most common of all the trees in Cuba. It is met with everywhere, and in the center of the broad pasture lands it often stands alone. Bordering the cultivated fields of rich planters, it forms shade avenues which lead to the dwellings.—Scientific Chronicle.

Laundry In "Soak."

One of the most curious ways of raising ready money practiced by the impecunious is the hypothecation of soiled linen. The bankers are the Chinese laundrymen, whose places are so numerously scattered over the city. When a needy individual has no other collateral to put up for a short loan, he finds in John a friend in need, who is always ready to make an advance on a bundle of shirts, collars or cuffs. Very often the loan almost equals the value of the security, but John shrewdly reasons that his customer will let other claims go by default before he will forfeit the shirts and collars so necessary in making a presentable appearance.

The custom of making use of the laundryman as an "uncle" is said to have originated in San Francisco and was brought eastward by returning travelers from the Pacific slope. — Philadelphia Record.

Fleas In Frankfort.

It is flea time in Frankfort. The hot sun has brought out the little pests by the million. The man who can take a walk out in Frankfort and go home without insect company is the marvel of the household. The sand of the promenade surrounding the town is alive with fleas, and, while the persons who drink the beer of Frankfort do not seem to mind the little pests, abstainers, and especially women, are driven frantic. In hotels of the best order I have seen fleas so thick that from one's chair one could watch them skipping about the floor.—German Letter, Chicago Record.

Venom.

Mabel—Are you going to return the poor fellow's ring

Florence (who has just broken her engagement)—I haven't decided. I suppose he'll propose to you now, and I thought I'd just hand it over to you to save bother. —Philadelphia North American.

A MAGICIAN.

After having passed the summer in visiting the principal towns of Germany the celebrated pianist, Liszt, arrived at Prague in October, 1846.

The next day after he came his apartment was entered by a stranger—an old man—whose appearance indicated misery and suffering. The great musician received him with a cordiality which he would not perhaps have shown to a nobleman. Encouraged by his kindness, his visitor said:

"I come to you, sir, as a brother. Excuse me if I take this title, notwithstanding the distance that divides us, but formerly I could boast some skill in playing on the piano, and by giving instructions I gained a comfortable livelihood. Now I am old, feeble, burdened with a large family and destitute of pupils. I live at Nuremberg, but I came to Prague to seek to recover the remnant of a small property which belonged to my ancestors. Although nominally successful, the expense of a long litigation has more than swallowed up the trifling sum I recovered. Tomorrow I set out for home—penniless."

"And you have come to me? You have done well, and I thank you for this proof of your esteem. To assist a brother professor is to me more than a duty. It is a pleasure."

As he uttered these generous words Liszt opened a drawer in his writing desk and started when he saw that this usual depository for his money contained but 8 ducats.

"You see, my friend, that I am no richer than you, but I can make money very easily."

So saying, he opened another drawer, and, taking out a splendid medallion, gave it to the old man.

"There," said he; "that will do. It was a present made to me by the emperor of Austria—his own portrait set in diamonds. The painting is nothing remarkable, but the stones are fine. Take them and dispose of them, and whatever they bring shall be yours."

The old musician tried in vain to decline so rich a gift. Liszt would not hear of a refusal, and the poor man at length withdrew. He then repaired to the shop of the principal jeweler in the city in order to sell the diamonds. Seeing a miserably dressed man anxious to dispose of magnificent jewels with whose value he appeared unacquainted, the master of the shop very naturally suspected his honesty, and while appearing to examine the diamonds with close attention he whispered a few words in the ear of one of his assistants. The latter went out and speedily returned, accompanied by several soldiers of police, who arrested the unhappy artist in spite of his protestations of innocence.

"You must first come to prison," they said; "afterward you can give an explanation to the magistrate."

The prisoner wrote a few lines to his benefactor imploring his assistance. Liszt hastened to the jeweler.

"Sir," he said, "you have caused the arrest of an innocent man. Come with me immediately and let us have him released. He is the lawful owner of the jewels in question, for I gave them to him."

"But, sir," asked the merchant, "who are you?"

"My name is Liszt."

"I don't know any rich man of that name."

"That may be, yet I am tolerably well known."

"Are you aware, sir, that these diamonds are worth 6,000 florins—that is to say, about 500 guineas, or 12,000 francs?"

"So much the better for him on whom I have bestowed them."

"But in order to make such a present you must be very wealthy."

"My actual fortune consists of 8 ducats."

"Then you are a magician!"

"By no means, and yet by just moving my fingers I can obtain as much money as I wish."

"You must be a magician!"

"If you choose, I'll disclose to you the magic I employ."

Liszt had seen a piano in the parlor behind the shop. He opened it and ran his fingers over the keys; then, seized by sudden inspiration, he improvised one of those soul stirring symphonies peculiar to himself.

As he sounded the first chord a beautiful young girl entered the room. While the melody continued she remained speechless and immovable; then, as the last note died away, she cried with irrepressible enthusiasm:

"Bravo, Liszt! 'Tis wondrous!"

"Dost thou know him, then, my daughter?" asked the jeweler.

"This is the first time that I have had the pleasure of seeing or hearing him," replied she, "but I know that none living save Liszt could draw such sounds from the piano."

Grieved at his mistake, the worthy merchant sought to repair it by inviting the two musicians to supper. The honors of the table were done by his amiable daughter, who appeared no less touched at the generosity of Liszt than astonished at his talent.

That night the musicians of the city serenaded their illustrious brother. The next day the nobles and most distinguished inhabitants of Prague presented themselves at his door. They entreated him to give concerts, leaving it to himself to fix any sum he pleased as a remuneration. Then the jeweler perceived that talent, even in a pecuniary light, may be more valuable than the most precious diamonds.

Liszt continued to go to his house, and, to the merchant's great joy, he soon perceived that his daughter was the cause of these visits. He began to love the company of the musician, and the fair girl, his only child, certainly did not hate it.

One morning the jeweler, coming to the point with German frankness, said to Liszt:

"How do you like my daughter?"

"She is an angel."

"What do you think of marriage?"

"I think so well of it that I have the greatest possible inclination to try it."

"What would you say to a fortune of 8,000,000 francs?"

"I would willingly accept it."

"Well, we understand each other. My daughter pleases you; you please my daughter. Her fortune is ready. Be my son-in-law."

"With all my heart."

The marriage was celebrated the following week.

And this, according to the chronicles of Prague, is a true account of the marriage of the great and good pianist Liszt.—Exchange.

A Mean Fellow.

Hoax—Say, old chap! Do you believe in making your wife live within her allowance?

Joax—No, sir. Not when she can manage to live without it.—Philadelphia Record.

Color of Indians' Eyes.

Captain Davis of the Bertillon department at the penitentiary was asked the question, "What is the color of the Indian's eyes?" There are 30 or more aborigines now in the state prison, and all have to be measured and described by this observant officer. His reply to the question was that the average Indian's eyes are black, to use that term as the public generally understands it, but, according to the Bertillon phraseology the color is maroon—that is to say, a dark chestnut color.

It is doubtful if many people have given this question consideration, and it is possible that few could answer it correctly. The Indians in the prison are principally from the present herding place of the noble red man, the Indian Territory.—Columbus Dispatch.

The weights of classes of students before and after examination have been made the subject of recent investigation. In high classes, where naturally the examination was most felt, several pounds were lost, showing how the mental strain was felt. In lower classes the loss was not so great.

Perils of a Painter's Trade.

In Judge Hall's police court the other day a unique defense was offered by a painter who had been brought to the station in a helpless state of intoxication.

"I wasn't drunk, your honor," he persisted. "I was just dizzy, that's all. I'd been paintin a barber pole."—Chicago Record.

HUMOR IN THE SMALL "ADS."

Funny Things Found In the Exchange Columns In Chicago.

There is more than one way of getting rid of some article you don't want and getting hold of something you really need, or think you need, which is the same thing. If a man owns a dog and hankers for a watch, he doesn't have to sell the animal and then use the money in purchasing the timepiece. That was the way it was done years ago, but the "For sale or exchange" column in the Sunday newspaper has changed the method of operation. Pianos are exchanged for scalskins and jewelry. Books are taken in trade for silverware for the table and harnesses. Sign painting goes for clothes and stenography for bicycles. One young woman advertises, "First class teacher, with best of references, will give stage or society dancing lessons for dry goods, shoes or anything useful." Another person says, "Opals or amethysts for silverware, typewriter or hardware." A laundress who wants to learn to play the piano says, "Wanted—Piano lessons in exchange for laundry work, or what have you?"

Apparently many of these traders are willing to take nearly anything of value and, of course, each one expects to get the better of the bargain. There must often be heart burnings and many sad thoughts when the man who has traded an Angora cat for dental work finds that his teeth have been filled with plumber's solder, or the woman who has exchanged a Persian rug for an alarm clock discovers that the timepiece runs only on Thursday afternoons and then strikes nothing but 33.

One enterprising individual advertises, "Best French conversation in exchange for cash or solid goods." It may be said that there are many persons who would also like to trade large bunches of "best English conversation" for cheese sandwiches or an old pair of pants.

A family with lots of board, but a houseful of leaky pipes, wants to "exchange-good board for plumbing; walking distance," and a man with a large wardrobe, but nothing to hunt with, wants "up to date gun for winter suit, No. 42." A hotel man will "give interest in the business for use of furniture for 15 rooms," while a man on the South Side would like to exchange dentistry for housework.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

"The doctor said I must not ride. In fact I could not ride."

"This is to certify that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best blood-purifier that I ever used," writes Mrs. M. Hartrick, of Demster, Oswego, Co., N. Y. "It is about three years since my health began to fail. Last September I gave out entirely with what the physicians pronounced enlargement of the liver. Could not do anything; my back pained me all the time; the doctor said I must not ride, in fact I could not ride nor walk, nor hardly sit still; could not lie on my right side. I commenced taking the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets'—took them for three months, and still continue the 'Pellets.' I will be glad if I can say anything to help those who are suffering. You can publish this letter if you think best."

If Mrs. Hartrick had begun the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery when her "health began to fail," she would have saved that three years of increasing misery, until she "gave out entirely." For diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition there is no known remedy to compare with "Golden Medical Discovery." It reaches the heart, liver and lungs through the stomach and the blood and its cures are prompt and permanent. Nothing else will give such good results.

There is no alcohol or opium or other narotic contained in "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" as this remedy. Don't experiment on yourself with substitutes.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12¾
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern ℔ M	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 00
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11¾
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10¾
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	10	@	13½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	8	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6½
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	19 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palme		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 15.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 49 cents per gallon for machine made casks and 48½ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl for strained and 95c for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.80 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at —— per barrel for hard, $2.60 for Dip and $2.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin, nothing doing; tar firm at $1.20; crude turpentine firm at $1.00@1.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	251
Rosin	190
Tar	511
Crude Turpentine	22

Receipts same day last year.—155 casks spirits turpentine, 664 bbls rosin, 257 bbls tar, 54 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

| | |
|

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?
WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80 acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, ginhouse, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

In Long Creek village, Pender county—95 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

In New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres, all set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting rail road, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 365 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

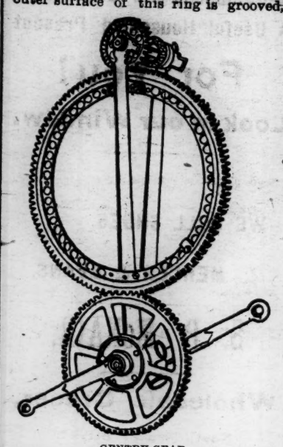
R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

With the Gentry gear as a basis, a firm of manufacturers has devised a wheel with chainless or chain gear, as the rider may desire. In the chainless style the front and rear gears are attached to the crank flange and rear hub in the same manner that sprockets are attached to a chain wheel. These gears mesh into the intermediate gear, which is comprised of two forged rings, one within the other, accurately machined. The inner ring is fastened with screws to lugs brazed on to the rear fork. The outer surface of this ring is grooved,



GENTRY GEAR.

forming a ball track for the balls, upon which the gear ring revolves, the latter being similarly grooved. These gears are all machined as light as is consistent, so that there is not one ounce of metal more than is necessary to insure safety. In adapting the Gentry gear to the bicycles referred to provision has been made for the perfect interchangeability of the chainless model and the regular light roadster chain wheel. If for any reason the rider wishes to change his mount to a chain wheel, he has only to remove the gear and case, substituting light roadster front and rear sprockets.

How Long Baseballists Last.

The buying and selling of ball players' releases is much more of a lottery even than dealing in horseflesh, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. One reason for this is that the ball player's career on the diamond varies in length according to his physical constitution and the care he takes of himself. Some players last only a year or two, while others hold out for 20 years or more. McPhee, Anson, McGuire, Keefe, Bushong, Ewing, Burns and Snyder are some of the comparatively few players who lasted much longer than the average, but there are ten times more whose career in major league company did not cover a period of five years. If statistics were unearthed they would show that the average "life" of a player in major leagues since baseball has been played professionally falls considerably below five years; hence the wisdom displayed by National league managers in being careful about making deals involving a large cash money consideration. There are not over a dozen star twirlers in the National league today who have been stars for more than half a dozen years. The careers of this dozen must necessarily be nearly at an end. To invest, say, from $2,500 to $10,000 for the release of Nichols, Rusie, Young or any of these veterans would be a risk, as all may have reached their limit at the close of last season, and a year hence will be on the retired list or winding up their careers in some minor league.

Easy Way to Figure Speed.

A simple way to calculate the speed of a bicycle by the rides is to multiply the gear by 10 and divide by 56. The result may be called seconds for this particular purpose. The number of complete revolutions made by either pedal in the given number of seconds corresponds exactly to the rate of miles per hour. For instance, if the gear be 84, multiplied by 10 and divided by 56, the result is 15. If the pedal goes around 30 times in 15 seconds, the rider knows that he is going at the rate of 20 miles per hour. If the gear be 67.2, the result of the calculation is 12 seconds, and the rider would have to push his pedal around 20 times in 12 seconds to equal the speed made by the man on the higher gear by 20 revolutions in 15 seconds. To divide the gear by 5½ gives nearly the same result as multiplying by 10 and dividing by 56, but is not quite so accurate.

Bamboo Golf Driver.

An ingenious inventor has just turned out a driver made with a split bamboo shaft. He claims for his new club a stronger spring than the regulation hickory shaft gives, and says that it has none of the disadvantages of whippiness that the old one often has. Unfortunately for the experimenting golfer of limited means, the cost of the new driver is about $36. Thus far the new club has had no public trial, and its advantages, if it has any, are not known.

Horse Training In England.

Horses in England are never trained on race tracks as they are in this country, but on breezy downs, wide moors, and secluded commons, far from the larger towns. Though more expensive, as it necessitates the keeping in order of innumerable exercise gallops, this system is undoubtedly better and healthier for horses than our own.

Alcohol Bad For Cyclists.

An experienced physician says, "Remember that alcohol stimulates the heart and circulation in much the same way as exercise does, and that if you use it in any form while wheeling the reaction is speedy and farreaching."

Tried to Comply.

The manufacturer of a certain brand of cigar advertised it far and wide as "The Unparalleled—Everybody Smokes It." One day he received a letter from a man with whom he was only slightly acquainted, running thus:

DEAR SMITHBY—I want one of those cigars everybody is smoking. Send it to me by mail, securely done up in a small pasteboard box. Yours truly, BROWNSON.

Not even a stamp was inclosed for postage, but Smithby took some pains to comply with the request, and after a lapse of two or three days Brownson received by mail, duly packed in a small box, a stump of a cigar three-quarters of an inch long, accompanied by the following note:

DEAR BROWNSON—Impossible to send one that everybody is smoking, but here is one that 15 separate newsboys have smoked on. Yours truly, SMITHBY.
—Youth's Companion.

Odd Marriage Customs.

An Arab wedding lasts seven days. The husband sees his wife's face after the ceremony is over. It is then proper for him to cry out in delight at its loveliness, and then, as in the Bible, "the friend of the bridegroom, who standeth and heareth him, rejoiceth greatly because of the bridegroom's voice." The people outside the tent raise an answering cry.

In Turkey the bride stands behind a screen during a part of the ceremony and is first seen at its conclusion. A Moorish wedding is also a seven day affair.

Cat Love.

Tabby—Would you die a thousand deaths for me?
Tom—No; only nine.

WOMEN IN POKER.

A Game That Changed Two Dear Friends Into Deadly Enemies.

Said a man of my acquaintance recently: "Do you know, I believe women would be the most desperate gamblers on earth if they dared!"

"Nonsense!" was my remark.

"It's not nonsense," he argued warmly. "I've watched them, old and young, pretty and homely, light and dark, and even in the small games that their pocketbooks and their consciences allow them to play their excitement in winning or losing is something terrific."

And he caused me to do a little thinking on his side, though not for the world would I have admitted it to him.

I remembered a game of cards that caused the separation of two of the dearest and sweetest women in the world three years ago.

Of course it was poker.

Poker seems to be played everywhere, or was at that time, and this diabolical cluster of "fulls," "straights," "two pairs," "threes of a kind," "flushes" and "fours" has caused more misery and made more mischief among the women of this city than will ever be exploited!

There were five of them in a fashionable boarding house up town, and I, as a caller, made six.

Rain had ruined a matinee proposition, there was nothing to read, and dullness descended.

"Let's play poker," said Mrs. C.

"Splendid!" was the general ejaculation.

Two of the ladies had never played, but they were soon instructed. Then it was discovered that there were no "chips." But a descent upon the cook produced 300 or 400 white beans, which Mrs. C. took charge of.

"I'll be banker," she said as she counted out the beans in lots of 100 each. "We'll play 5 cent limit and you shall have $5 worth."

The two amateurs gurgled with amusement.

"How awfully funny!" they said. "Why, we feel like real gamblers."

I declined to join the game, believing that $5 in the pot was worth $20 in the "jack pot."

The game proceeded amid much nervous excitement and many "Ohs!" and "Ahs!" and "Dear mes!" and remarks of that sort.

"Why, isn't that a flush?"

"Why, your hand wasn't as good as mine. I think you're real mean."

The somebody asked:

"What good are four queens?"

Whereupon all laid down their hands and the inquisitive one gathered in all there was in sight, with the remark:

"I didn't have four queens, but just wondered."

At length there was a battle royal on between Mrs. C. and one of the beginners.

I happened to sit right behind the latter and saw her hand.

It consisted of three aces and a pair of kings. Nothing but "four of a kind" could beat it.

Back and forth, back and forth, bet and "raise," more bets, more "raises," until the holder of the "full hand" had exhausted all her beans and clamored for more.

The banker gave her 100 more and made a memorandum of it.

The betting went on as fiercely as before. I felt like giving the "full hand" lady a hint that she was betting her hand too high, but of course could not do so.

At last the banker "called" and threw her hand on the table.

"Four sixes!"

"Dear me!" sighed the loser. "I thought I'd surely win. What a lot I bet! Lucky it wasn't real money!"

Mrs. C. started at her.

"What do you mean?"

"Why, it's lucky they were only beans."

"You must be crazy, Mrs. B. The beans represent money. You owe me $8."

"Why, you're talking nonsense."

Mrs. C.'s lips grew very white.

"Do you mean to say," she asked, "that you didn't understand that we were playing for money?"

"Of course I didn't."

Mrs. C. swept the beans into a receptacle, dabbed the cards into the table drawer, cast a look of withering scorn upon her late opponent and stalked out of the room.

The two women have not spoken to each other since.—San Francisco Call.

Had No Statistics.

"George," murmured the young wife, "am I as dear to you now as I was before we married?"

"I can't exactly tell," replied the husband absentmindedly. "I didn't keep any account of my expenses then."—Philadelphia Record.

Mahogany is now very generally substituted for hickory in the manufacture of wagon wheels in France, it being found cheaper and quite as durable.

No fewer than 1,000,000 of men, women and children die yearly in India from starvation.

An unusual screen seen recently has a frame of dark wood, in imitation of mahogany. For a filling two good etchings are set in on each side of the three folding divisions.

Rather thick slices of Boston brown bread, toasted on both sides and with a poached egg slipped upon each slice, make an appetizing luncheon or breakfast dish.

A Minor Victory.

Surveying a field of battle, the Duke of Wellington could detect almost at a glance the weak points in the disposition of the forces, and when the weakness was on his own side he promptly and resolutely caused it to be made strong. An English magazine tells this story of him which ought to be true:

One day, when some small visitors happened to be in the nursery at Strathfieldsage, he walked up to the top of the house and found the youngsters at tea. He gazed grimly around as if the room were a field of battle and noticed that there was no jam on the table.

Without a word he rang the bell violently. A footman appeared and stood petrified.

"Have the goodness to understand," said the duke in a voice of thunder, "that when children are invited to my house to tea they are to have jam."

Then he departed, and before he was out of earshot a shout went up that must have reminded him of Waterloo.

BAD BLOOD CAUSES

Eruptions, Scrofula, Pimples, Boils Eating Sores, Ulcers,

Cancer, Blood Poison, Ulcerated Mouth, Throat and Ears,

ERUPTIONS ON CHILDREN,

All Cured by Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) for Bad Blood.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is not a cure-all, but is made especially to cure all effects of Bad, Poisoned, Diseased Blood, especially the deep seated, persistent cases that refuse to heal under doctors' directions or the use of patent medicines, salves, sarsaparillas, etc. If these have disappointed you, don't give up hope, for Botanic Blood Balm has never failed to cure after all else fails. B. B. B. is different from any other blood remedy (there is no substitute for B. B. B.), because B. B. B. always promptly reaches the real trouble and fairly roots out and drives from the system the poison and humor that cause all above troubles, then the flesh heals and all the symptoms disappear and cannot return, because the first cause of all the trouble is entirely removed. Give B. B. B. a trial and you will be delighted with the effects, even of one bottle. That itching scab of eczema or salt rheum will disappear, the persistent pimple (the beginning, very often, of deadly cancer), will heal, blotches, eruptions and unsightly sores on the face will give place to a perfectly smooth skin, that running ulcer on the leg will, under the curative powers of B. B. B., first stop running, then heal as well as ever. Those scrofulous, eating sores, swollen glands, contagious blood poison or even deadly cancer, will get well, and you will thank the Blood Balm Co for making such a wonderful medicine. Children and babies with eruptions, itching scales and sores are quickly healed and skin made smooth and perfect by the use of Botanic Blood Balm. We have absolute confidence in Botanic Blood Balm; hence we send to any sufferer who wishes to test it a sample bottle absolutely free. B. B. B. is an old, well-tried remedy, free from vegetable or mineral poisons, perfectly safe to take by old or young. People cured by B. B. B. 15 or 20 years ago are well to day and free from all blood impurities.

Rheumatism, Catarrh,

are deep-seated Blood Diseases. B. B. B. drives out the specific poison in the blood that causes Rheumatism and Catarrh, so that its symptoms cannot return, and a cure is made that is perfect. All druggists sell B. B. B. at $1 per large bottle, or 6 bottles (full treatment) $5. For trial bottle address BLOOD BALM CO., 149 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your symptoms and free personal medical advice will be given. aug 6 1y

---

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 12, pages 637 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1896, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage:

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 12th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 13th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy Attorney. au 8 30t

GRAND NATIONAL PRIZE OF 16,600 FRANCS AT PARIS

QUINA-LAROCHE

Endorsed by the Medical Profession of the World as the Best Tonic for Convalescents from Yellow Fever, Typhoid Fever and All Malarial Troubles; it increases the Appetite, strengthens the Nerves and builds up the entire System.

Paris: 22 Rue Drouot
E. Fougera & Co., 26-30 N. William St. New York

no 9 9m we

Piedmont Springs.

FINEST OF

MINERAL WATERS.
Magnificent Mountain Climate.

HOTEL FIRST-CLASS. ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 300 GUESTS.

Rates Reasonable.

WRITE FOR DESCRIPTIVE FOLDER GIVING ANALYSIS OF WATER AND ENDORSEMENTS FROM SOME OF THE LEADING MEN OF THE STATE.

W. P. HALYBURTON,
Proprietor.

Postoffice, Piedmont Springs, N. C.
my 14 su we fr

College of William and Mary,

Williamsburg, Va.

Two hundred and seventh session.
Total expenses per session, including books:

Normal Course, ...$108.00
Collegiate Course, $162.00

Session begins first Thursday in October. Send for Catalogue.

LYON G. TYLER,
jy 16 2m su we M. A. L. L. D. President.

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL.

Near Alexandria, Virginia.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

A Preparatory School For Boys.

The 61st year opens September 27, 1899.

Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.

jy 23 2m su we

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 26, 1899. 37th year.
Mrs. H. P. LEFEVRE, Principal.
Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal.
123 and 124 W. Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.
jy 19 2m we sa

SEABOARD AIR LINE — SAL — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 5:55 P. M.; Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
8 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
8 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 43 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 38 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 35 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 26 tf

-- Kainit. --

General Stock Groceries

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

jy 8,tf

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WITH ASSETS OF OVER

One Million Dollars.

OFFERS ABSOLUTE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.

CUSTOMERS' NEEDS PROMPTLY AND INTELLIGENTLY ATTENDED TO.

POLITE AND COURTEOUS ATTENTION GUARANTEED TO EVERY PATRON.

ACCOUNTS BOTH LARGE AND SMALL SOLICITED.

J. W. NORWOOD, President.
LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.
jy 29 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Aug. 5
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 12

Wilmington for New York.
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 5
NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Aug. 12

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
ONEIDA.....Tuesday, Aug. 1
NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Aug. 8

Steamer Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. aug 1 tf

---

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 21, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.33 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.33 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.18 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.05 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.53 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.31 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.40 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 5.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.35 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.49 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 P. M. Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M. 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Nashville 11.32 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M. Returning 10.36 A. M. Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 7.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.36 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 3.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.05 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M. 1.08 A. M. Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.59 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.20 A. M

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 16.

COTTON AND TOBACCO.

Weather Bureau's Report As to Crop Conditions—Cotton Opening Rapidly and Picking General.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 14—The Weather Bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions says:

Favorable weather conditions prevailed during the week in the Ohio valley and generally in the Middle, South Atlantic and East Gulf States, throughout the Central and Southern Rocky Mountain districts and on the Pacific coast. Drought prevails in the lower Lake region, northern New York, and portions of the Central and West Gulf States, while the lower Missouri, Red River of the North and Central Mississippi valleys have suffered from excessive rains, severe and destructive hail storms occurring in Wisconsin, Minnesota and North Dakota. Rainfalls amounting from one-half to more than one inch, remarkable for the season, occurred in Washington and Oregon and although retarding harvesting in Oregon and causing some damage to oats in Washington, were generally beneficial.

In nearly all sections cotton is opening rapidly and picking is in general progress. While complaints of shedding continue general, they are somewhat less numerous than in the previous week over the eastern half of the cotton belt. Rust is, however, still prevalent and is increasing in the central and eastern districts. In the north, central and western portions of the cotton belt the condition of cotton is decidedly less promising than at the close of the previous week.

The reports concerning tobacco continue favorable in nearly all the tobacco States. The crop has, however, sustained some damage from storms in New York and from too much rain in Southern Indiana, and has suffered from drought in Pennsylvania. Cutting is in progress in the Ohio valley and Middle Atlantic States, and will be general during the coming week in New York.

ENORMOUS COTTON CROP.

Neill, the Expert, Claims That This Year's May Reach 12,000,000 Bales.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., August 14.—A special to the *Commercial Appeal* from New Orleans says: Henry M. Neill, a cotton crop expert of this city, who predicted the enormous crops of 1894-95, 1897-98 and 1898-99, is out with a forecast indicating that the crop now maturing will exceed any of these and may reach the unprecedented total of 12,000,000 bales. In a circular issued to-day he said:

"On August 13th, 1898, I stated that the promise for the crop of 1898-99 was equal or superior to that of 1897-98 in every State, and vastly better in Texas, and the outlook, even with somewhat unfavorable conditions thereafter, was for a crop of 10,500,000 bales assured, with 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 more within the range of possibilities.

"The crop turned out about 11,250,000 bales, in spite of the most severe winter ever known in the South, during which a vast deal of cotton was lost in the fields. That it would have reached 11,750,000, and perhaps 12,000,000, but for the heavy loss, is now generally admitted.

"For the present crop I am satisfied that on the average the promise per acre is fully equal if not superior to that of last year at this date."

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

Nearly All the Sick at the Soldiers' Home Have Recovered.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, August 15.—The indications are that there will be no case of yellow fever remaining at the Soldiers Home after a few days. Nearly all the convalescents are about fully recovered. The quarantine against Phoebus will be raised by Hampton to-night at mid-night.

The report sent out from Norfolk last night to the effect that a mob had threatened to lynch Dr. Vanderslice, the physician in charge of quarantine regulations at Phœbus, unless he raised the quarantine, is untrue.

FROM THE "PLANTER AND GINNER."

A Good Thing to Leave Alone.

[*Texas Farm and Ranch.*]

Editor Farm and Ranch: I have always looked upon your paper as the best friend the farmer of the State had, and I beg to congratulate you on the stand you take in regard to the round bale press. I have just read your reply to James Best, in your issue of the 22d, and it is so exactly my views, after a careful examination of the matter, that I beg every cotton planter in the South to take the advice therein given and let the round bale people alone; there is a mighty conspiracy in this thing to get control of the cotton crop, and if it is done, good-bye to the last semblance of independence and freedom that the cotton planter has left, this is now so trodden down as to only exist in name, but with a company who has the money behind it that the round bale company has, to get control of the staple of any country is to virtually sell the freedom of those who can only raise that particular staple as a money crop. From what I was told by a member of the present legislature, I am satisfied that the contract that was exhibited to that body and the one that these people are actually offering ginners to sign are two distinct and altogether different instruments, so much so that they do in no way resemble.

This company proposes to give 45 points higher for cotton than it can be sold for at the nearest market, but their guarantee is for one season only, and their contracts for lease are only for one year. If this was really as good a thing as it appears, there would be millions of dollars profit in the manufacture and sale of these presses, and any concern who are after a square thing would want to create competition for their goods. This is not the case with these people. They do not want competition and won't let one press be put in to compete with another. Where there is no competition there are sure to be jobs, and in all such cases the producer pays for the music.

I had at one time hoped that the legislature would take such steps as to restrain this "trust," but it seems that the matter has been laid out or forgotten, and as there was a strong delegation of these people in Austin not long ago, I suppose the thing was all right.

It will be well for ginners of the State to look to the large monied interest they have at stake, as well as for the farmer to do so; for if this thing works it will retire every gin in the country and his machinery will be worth old iron, may be.

Weimar, Texas. SUBSCRIBER.

MAITRE LABORI OUT OF DANGER.

Adjournment of the Court Martial Until Monday Probably Will be Ordered.

AT THE REQUEST OF DREYFUS

Further Particulars of the Attempted Assassination — Conspirators Still at Large—Plundered the Pockets of the Wounded Man.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, August 15.—Maitre Labori, counsel for Capt. Alfred Dreyfus, who was shot from ambush here yesterday while on his way from his residence to attend the court martial, after a night of terrible agony, was somewhat better this morning. The attending doctors, however, were still unable to sound the wound.

At 2.15 P. M. it was announced that M. Labori was doing so well that the doctors considered him out of dauger. He lies on his back unable to move, but life is returning to the leg which yesterday was thought to be paralized. He has no fever, and continues to discuss the trial. His wife has remained at his bedside practically ever since he was wounded. Naturally she is much relieved at the favorable reports of the doctors, who hope to see the distinguished lawyer on his feet before the trial is ended. The doctors to-night are extremely hopeful of a speedy recovery, but consider it would be unwise for him to return to court until there is absolutely no danger of a relapse.

Probable Adjournment of Court Martial.

M. Demange has decided to ask for an adjournment, which has necessitated a written application by both M. Demange and Captain Dreyfus, who have already sent letters to the president of the court martial. Colonel Jouaust will undoubtedly accede to the request, but he cannot grant an adjournment for more than four days, when the application must be renewed. Captain Dreyfus wants the session postponed until Monday next, when it is hoped that M. Labori will be able to be present.

The correspondent of the Associated Press here obtained complete corroboration to-day of the statement that the pockets of Labori's coat were rifled yesterday while he was lying on the ground wounded. Not only were the pockets of his coat emptied, but an attempt was made to steal the wallet in which there were important papers referring to the court martial, including his notes of the cross-examination of General Mercier. M. Labori has himself related the incident.

Rifled his Pockets.

He had just fallen and saw one or two men run to his side. One of these said: "His coat must be taken off. He will be too hot."

The speaker then took the wounded advocate's coat off and another man seized the wallet. M. Labori, however, retained his presence of mind and refused to allow the wallet to be taken out of his hands, putting it under his head for a pillow and holding it with one hand. The coat was shortly afterwards put on again.

On arriving at his house M. Labori asked his wife to look in his pockets and see if their contents were safe. Madame Labori found the pockets completely emptied. Luckily no papers of importance were in the pockets, which only contained personal letters, including menacing letters received on the previous day.

The rifling of the lawyer's pockets of the papers and the attempt to steal his wallet, while no effort was made to appropriate his watch or money, are regarded as clear evidence of a plot in which several men were implicated.

Assassin Still at Large.

The man who actually fired the shot, it appears, was only one part of the machinery of the conspirators. In spite of the extensive search made for the would-be assassin he is still at large, and the impression is gaining ground that he is being aided by the anti-Dreyfus country people.

The doctors in attendance upon M. Labori have sent to Paris for an X-Rays apparatus in order to locate the bullet.

Dreyfus has written two letters to M. Labori. The first, on hearing the news of the attempt to murder the lawyer, is a spontaneous expression of his shocked feelings. The second is a touching epistle expressing the prisoner's keenest regrets at the dastardly outrage, profound gratitude to M. Labori for his heroic championship, and heartfelt wish for his happy recovery.

A New Forgery in the Dossier.

PARIS, August 15.—The Matin to-day makes the announcement that Maitre Labori, after he was shot yesterday, declared that as the outcome of his injury appeared doubtful, he wished to make known the fact that M. Chamern, who has charge of the secret documents in the Dreyfus case, has discovered a new forgery in the dossier.

The Anarchist organ, *Le Journal du People*, says that in retaliation for the outrage upon Labori the Anarchists will hold General Mercier and M. Drumont, Rochefort and Jadet as hostages and personally responsible for anything done against the Anarchists.

IMPORTANT CONVENTION.

To Secure Uniform Classification of Cotton and Abolishment of Reclamation by Foreign Buyers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, August 15.—Hon. O. B. Stevens, commissioner of agriculture of Georgia, to-day named September 20th as the time for the convention of commissioners of agriculture of the Southern States, which will be held in New Orleans. Governor Candler, of Georgia, has accepted the invitation to respond to the address of welcome, which will be delivered by the Governor of Louisiana. The commissioner of agriculture of the State of Louisiana will be temporary chairman. Uniform classification and the abolishment of reclamations by foreign countries, which is a source of heavy loss to cotton men, are the prime objects of the gathering. The attempt will probably be made by the Southern States to have classifiers appointed by their executives and have their rulings stand as official to the foreign dealer. The official programme will be issued in a few days.

Columbia put the finishing touches to her series of trial races against Defender in the presence of the New York Yacht Club yesterday, winning the 21 mile race.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency is prepared to give prompt and efficient service to all persons wishing to sell farms or town property. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

RELIEF MEASURES FOR PORTO RICO SUFFERERS.

Two More Ship Loads of Supplies—Tenders of Free Services by Transportation Companies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The War Department has arranged to send two more shiploads of supplies to Porto Rico.

The steamer Evelyn, of the New York and Porto Rican line, will sail from New York next Friday with a full cargo of supplies. The use of the vessel was tendered by the steamship company free of expense. The government transport McClellan is scheduled to leave New York for San Juan Wednesday, August 28. The auxiliary cruiser Resolute will also be utilized in case it is found necessary.

Secretary Root has received the following dispatch from W. L. Guillaudeu, New York: "I have read with sincere regret of devastation wrought in Porto Rico by recent hurricane; also note your call for aid addressed to mayors of cities, and in this connection beg to say that if you will designate a responsible representative to whom such contributions shall be consigned, the Old Dominion Steamship Company will most cheerfully transport such contributions over its line free of all charge."

T. M. Emerson, traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, has tendered, through District Passenger Agent Reed, the use of that system for free transportation of relief supplies. Secretary Root has accepted the offer with a letter of thanks.

G. W. Ribble, manager, announces that the Postal Telegraph Cable Company will handle, free of charge, all government telegrams regarding Porto Rican storm sufferers, and through its connection with the Bermuda Cable Company and West India and Panama Cable Company, will also handle cablegrams of the same class gratuitously.

The Secretary of War was notified by the West Virginia Steel Company that they have forwarded a car load of corrugated iron to New York city for use in building operations in the devastated districts of Porto Rico. The iron was accepted with thanks, and will be shipped at the first opportunity.

More contributions of money for the benefit of the Porto Rican sufferers were received at the Ware Dpartment. Among them $400 from the National Relief Association of the Colonial Dames of America.

The Secretary of War believes that the appeal to the Governors of the several States for aid in raising funds will bring a ready response. There is no question but the situation in Porto Rico is desperate, bu it is believed that the United States will meet this call upon its sympathies as generously as it has always responded to calls of the suffering at home and abroad.

The officials of the War Department who have to do with the administration of insular affairs, say that the present emergency will at least serve to show the Porto Ricans what it means to be under the direct care of the United States better than would a decade of tranquil and eventless association with this country.

Secretary Root to-day directed the purchase of 300,000 pounds of codfish for the storm sufferers. This purchase was suggested by General Davis, codfish practically taking the place of meat with the poorer classes throughout the West Indian islands. It is known in the vernacular as "Halifax chicken."

SEABOARD RAILWAY COMPANY.

Meeting of Stockholders of the Raleigh and Gaston in September.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., August 15.—A meeting of stockholders of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company will be held at Raleigh, N. C., September 6th, to consider the terms and conditions upon which that property may consolidate with the Seaboard & Roanoke, the Raleigh & Augusta Air Line, the Carolina Central, the Durham & Northern, the Georgia, Carolina & Northern, the Roanoke & Tar River, and the Louisburg.

The consolidation of these roads is preliminary to the formation of the Seaboard Railway Company, which will include the Seaboard Air Line system, the Georgia & Alabama Railway Company, and the Florida Central & Peninsular Railway Company. The financial details are being arranged by Mr. John Skelton Williams, of Richmond, Va., and J. William Honderdorf, of Baltimore.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Said to Have Acquired Half Interest in the Lease of the Georgia Railroad.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AUGUSTA, GA., Augusta 15 —It is stated here to-day that the Atlantic Coast Line has acquired a half interest in the Georgia railroad, held by the Louisville and Nashville. It is known that the Southern and Atlantic Coast Line work together and the Southern could reach Atlanta easier over the Georgia than any other way. As there is a constitutional provision in the way of the Southern acquiring this lease of the Georgia direct, an objection which does not hold in regard to the Atlantic Coast Line, the latter will acquire one half interest in it from the present lessee, the Louisville and Nashville, on an understanding which has been reached between the Southern and Louisville and Nashville.

THE STORM AT CHARLESTON.

Wind Reached Velocity of Fifty-seven Miles—No Damage Done.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 15.—A few minutes before 5 o'clock this morning the wind reached a velocity of fifty-seven miles here, this being the highest point attained during the day. So far as can be learned no damage whatever has been done by the storm here or in this vicinity. Contrary to predictions, there was not an unusually high tide, and consequently the rice fields have escaped without serious injury.

BASE BALL AT CHARLOTTE.

Second Game for the Carolina Championship Won by Union.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug 15.—The Union, S. C., ball team to-day won from Tarboro, N. C., the second game of the Carolina championship series. The score was 7 to 8 in a battle of eleven innings. To-morrow's game will decide the contest.

The Seaboard Air Line has started a surveying party from Augusta to run a line to its road at Athens, shortening the distance between Atlanta and Augusta. The name of the line will be the Chattanooga, Augusta & Charleston Air Line.

GREAT ANXIETY IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Probability of a War Between the British and the Dutch Republic.

NO PEACEABLE SETTLEMENT

Of Questions in Dispute is Likely—Orders Issued at Pretoria to Give Mauser Rifles in Exchange for Martini-Henry's—Many Issued.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CAPETOWN, August 15.—No reply has been received here up to the present from the Transvaal Government on the subject of the latest British proposals for a peaceable settlement of the question in dispute, and a dispatch from Pretoria says the reply, when sent, will be disappointing, and that it is feared the result will be the breaking off of negotiations. Great anxiety prevails at the capital of the Transvaal.

PRETORIA, Aug. 15.—The executive council concluded its session at 12.30 P. M., when orders were issued to the field cornets to give out Mauser rifles in exchange for Martini-Henry rifles. A great crowd gathered to receive the arms.

The possibility of war with Great Britain is about the only subject discussed, and it is generally felt the Burgers should be considered before extreme measures are adopted.

LONDON, August 15.—Major General Sir William Francis Butler has been recalled and replaced by Sir Frederick Walker, in command of the South African forces.

DISTURBANCES IN PARIS.

M. Guerin Still Defies Arrest by the Authorities—Meetings of Bonapartists and Young Royalists.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, August 15.—The warrant for the arrest of M. Guerin, president of the Anti-Semite League, who with sympathizers has been barricaded since Saturday last in the offices of the League, has been placed in the hands of Magistrate Fabre. Guerin is now regarded as an outlaw in a state of rebellion, since his notification of the issue of the warrant. He cannot claim the right of citizenship of exemption from arrest from sunset to sunrise, and the persons garrisoning the headquarters of the League, numbering forty, are in the same box. Strict orders have been given to arrest every one attempting to enter or leave the building. Three of Guerin's friends who attempted to leave the building this morning were arrested. They all carried six-chambered revolvers and hatchets and what Frenchmen designate as "American knuckle dusters," otherwise brass knuckles. The prefect of police is still awaiting orders from the government in regard to what action is to be taken against Guerin.

M. Guerin this evening displayed an Anti-Semitic tri colored flag on the roof of the Anti-Semite headquarters. On the flag was a motto reading, "France for Frenchmen."

M. Waldick-Rosseau confered several times during the day with M. Lepine, the prefect of police, and in consideration of the fact that a recourse to force in the arrest of M. Guerin might lead to a useless sacrifice of life, entailing still graver demonstrations at the obsequies of the victims, the premier decides not to expose the life of any man, soldier, policeman or fireman, but to leave M. Guerin a choice between self-imprisonment and arrest. Meanwhile it looks as though this affair would have a rather tame ending.

Anti-Semite Demonstrations.

There was considerable disturbance accompanied by demonstrations and scuffles in the Rue Chabrol in the course of the evening and the police made several arrests.

As an anti-Semitic group was standing at the corner of the Faubourg Saint Denis and the Rue de Valenciennes, this evening, some passers-by greeted them with cries of "Down with the Jesuits," whereupon they were surrounded and threatened by the demonstrators. A supposed anarchist then fired several revolver shots, wounding three men. One of them, a man named Camille, was taken to a hospital seriously wounded. The alleged anarchist was arrested.

At the annual banquet of Bonapartists to-day, M. Mignol presiding, a telegram from Prince Victor Napoleon was read, saying he relied on the various committees to act energetically under the present grave circumstances. The reading of the telegram was greeted with shots of "Vive L'Empereur," "Vive Guerin."

The Young Royalists also assembled at a banquet at Saint Maur to-day, in honor of the name-day of the Duchess of Orleans. Violent attacks were made on the recent measures of the government.

The leading Jews in Europe are arranging for a meeting in Switzerland in order to form an international association for their defence against the crusade of the Anti-Semites, and to protect the Jews in France after the Dreyfus courtmartial is ended.

MORMON ELDERS.

Arrested in Georgia for Refusing to Pay Poll Taxes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., August 15.—Saturday two Mormon elders were arrested in Taylor county, Georgia, for refusing to pay poll taxes. The elders claimed they were preachers and exempt. The judge of the Superior Court stated from the bench that he refused to recognize them as preachers and assessed a fine. The elders had no money and were started off to jail, but succeeded in getting the jailor to accept their watches as security until they could send for money to pay the fines. President Rich, of the Southern Mormon Society, says he will proceed in the courts against the Taylor county judge.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Baltimore-Pittsburg game postponed; rain.

Boston, 0; Cincinnati, 1.
Brooklyn, 6; Cleveland, 2.
Philadelphia, 2; Chicago, 1.
New York, 5; Louisville, 9.
Washington, 3; St. Louis, 8.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

DEMOCRATS OF IOWA.

Great Gathering at Des Moines—Large Audiences Addressed by Bryan and Weaver—State Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DES MOINES, IOWA, August 15.—The city is full of Democrats to-night to attend the Democratic State Convention and listen to William Jennings Bryan, General W. B. Weaver and others expound the gospel of 16 to 1, anti imperialism, and anti-trust views. Two great meetings were held this evening, the main one at the Auditorium, where W. J. Bryan spoke to 5,000 people, and the other at the Tabernacle, where General Weaver held forth for an hour until Mr. Bryan came from the first meeting. Some fifteen thousand persons congregated at the Tabernacle, and the two buildings were not great enough to accommodate the throng.

Concerning the action of the Democratic convention which meets to-morrow morning but little can be said with accuracy. The friends of the various candidates for the nomination for Governor have been hard at work all to day, and to-night the winner cannot be predicted.

The action of the convention on platform and nominations depends entirely on which wing of the party, radical or conservative, is in control.

WARM WIRELETS.

Admiral Dewey is still indisposed. His departure for Florence has been postponed.

The Steamer City of Augusta, reported sailed from New York Saturday and due in Sayannah Monday night, has not arrived.

Mrs. Lilly Langley, the actress, was married July 27th at the island of Jersey, to Hugo de Bathe, 28 years of age. The Prince of Wales sent a telegram of congratulation.

Robert C. Murray has been arrested in Baltimore for violation of the postal laws. His scheme was to sell interests in certain patents which never existed. Murray has been operating in Richmond, Va., and other Southern cities.

Commodore Cromwell has notified the Navy Department of an outbreak of yellow fever in the marine battalion of forty men, now at Havana. As a precautionary measure the whole battalion will be brought to New York at once and placed in quarantine.

The wheat growers convention of South Carolina was in session yesterday. Nearly five hundred of the farmers from different sections of the State were present. The object of the convention is to encourage wheat growing in the State.

A reunion of ex-slaveholders and slaves will probably be held in Chattanooga, during the latter part of September. Some of the most prominent citizens, North and South, will make addresses at the re union, the first of the kind ever held.

Robert Wallace Mattison, formerly employed as a clerk in the Fourth National Bank of Atlanta, Ga., and who is alleged to have embezzled $2,000 of the bank's funds, was arraigned before a United States commissioner in New York yesterday. Mattison was arrested in that city on Thursday last.

ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY
OVERCOMES HEADACHES & FEVERS
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.
BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE KY. SAN FRANCISCO CAL. NEW YORK
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Pic Nic Cheese, Sugar Cakes, Peanuts, Cheroots, Chewing Gum, Virginia Meal, and full line fresh stock. Deer Tongue and Beeswax bought. We will serve you. T. D. Love, 23 North Water. ag 15 tf

For Rent—In one of the most desirable localities in the city a large dwelling containing modern improvements, fine cistern and excellent servants' rooms, laundry and all the necessary out houses. Newly painted and papered and in thorough repair. Possession given first of October. Apply to Empie & Empie, attorneys at law, Smith building. au 15 1w

Taylor's Studio—I will open my studio in the new building, corner Front and Princess streets, about August 15, and will be glad to furnish the public with all kinds of first-class Photographs and Life Size Portraits and Frames. Very respectfully, Paul M. Taylor. jy 25 tf

Band Sawyer, Machine Men, Cabinet Makers, Varnishers and Finishers wanted. Address, The Melville Furniture Co., Mebane N. C. aug 11 1w

For Sale—A nice light Yawl, 14 feet 4 inches long, 4 feet 6 inches wide. A good row and surf boat. Jas. I. Metts. aug 8 tf

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 20 tf

Photographic Notice—U. C. Ellis, Photographer, has returned and is now at his old stand, 114 Market street. jy 16 tf

City Lots For Sale—Cheap for cash, or sold on time on sufficient margin. Apply to Geo. H. Howell, Attorney at Law, room No. 5 Smith building. jy 15 1m

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. B. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Get Coupons and Begin Now.
A Useful Household Present
For You!
Look in our Window.

Same place—115 Princess Street.
P. S.—
WE SELL SHOES.
MERCER & EVANS.
aug 6 tf

S. P. McNAIR,
Wholesale Grocer,
North Water Street.
OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.
Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.
se 1 tf

GERMANIA.
PORTLAND CEMENT,
HOFFMAN ROSINDALE CEMENT,
ANCHOR LINE.
STANDARD BAGGING,
STANDARD TIES.
Virginia Water Ground Meal.
BEST GROCERIES,
BEST PRICES,
BEST TERMS.
THE WORTH CO.
jy 14 tf

WANTED.
5000 pounds Wool.
5000 pounds Beeswax.
HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID.
Have some rare bargains in Fire Proof Safes.
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market street,
my 13 tf Wilmington, N. C

NEW MULLETS.
2000 pounds New Mullets.
1500 bushels N. C. R. P. Oats.
110 Picnic Cheese.
1400 bushels Va. Meal.
1200 bushels Prime Corn.
1000 bushels Peanuts.
150 cases Oysters.
175 cases Sardines.
123 boxes Candy.
73 pails Fancy Candy.
88 cases Potted Ham.
120 boxes Meat.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
aug 11 tf Wilmington, N. C.

BATHING CAPS.
Fresh Stock.
JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
je 30 tf Wilmington, N. C

We Offer
Bagging and Ties,
Groceries and Provisions
TO THE TRADE
AT CLOSE FIGURES.
Correspondence invited.
HALL & PEARSALL,
jy 27 tf WHOLESALE GROCERS, Nutt and Mulberry streets

PEACE INSTITUTE,
RALEIGH, N. C.
One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.
e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

Our New Quarters.
Being now comfortably fixed in our new location, No. 7 South Front street, we are prepared to do all work in our line in a satisfactory manner. Our Barber Shop is first-class in every respect. ED. GUION,
jy 26 tf CORNELIUS DAVIS.

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel
FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests Charges reasonable. Special rates for families.
je 28 tf

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.
Having just finished taking our annual inventory, we find too much stock in some Departments and in others we have only Odds and Ends. So offer during this month
BARGAINS IN ALL OUR DEPARTMENTS.
Special inducements are offered you in the Carpet Department for the next two weeks, before the arrival of our new stock, which we expect August 15th.
Our Window Shade Department is now complete.
See us this Fall before you buy your Window Shades We are Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. September Designer now on sale.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.
aug 6 tf

THE NORTH CAROLINA
College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts
Offers a thorough practical education in all branches of Agriculture, in Cotton Manufacturing, in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, in Architecture and in the Industrial Sciences, Chemistry, Biology and Physics.
Regular courses, special courses, short courses.
Total annual expenses, including board, fuel, lights, etc., $118.50.
One hundred and twenty scholarships carrying free tuition and lodging are open to needy boys Appointments made by any member of the Legislature.
ELEVENTH SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1899.
Candidates for admission may be examined in each county court house at 10 A. M., AUGUST 19TH, 1899, by the County Superintendent, or at the College in Raleigh, SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1899
For catalogue, address
PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON,
aug 8 tf WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

NEW CARPETS
THEY ARE ARRIVING, MANY HAVE COME IN, AND OTHERS TO FOLLOW.
OUR BUYER having visited the markets early, has shown exceptionally good taste in CAREFULLY SKIMMING and accepting none but the Pure and Unadulterated Cream.
AXMINSTERS, - VELVETS, - TAPESTERIS,
EXTRA SUPERS and AXMINSTER ART SQUARES.
THE ART SQUARES
Are something very artistic in design and made of best goods, and are well worthy of your consideration. The Carpets are most exquisite in effects, and those who have homes to furnish will make a mistake by not seeing them before making their purchase.
An invitation is extended to all, to call and inspect the stock.
The best work guaranteed and promptness is a characteristic of the house.
Yours, truly,
A. D. BROWN,
aug 6 tf Agent for "Her Majesty's" Corsets and Butterick's Patterns.

DROP A COIN
Into a blind man's hat—then THINK. Sight is the most inestimable of all blessings; blindness the most woeful of all afflictions. This being so, you will readily concede the great importance of your eyes as a part of your animal organism. A momentary realization of your helplessness without them will aid you to a just appreciation of their worth. Spectacles made to protect and preserve the sight is what we offer you Our examinations leave no defect uncorrected—that insures you absolute SAFETY.
DINGELHOEF BROS., OCULO OPTICIANS,
PARLOR NO. 123. MARKET STREET.
aug 13 tf

NINE RICH MEN IN NORTH CAROLINA
Out of every ten commenced life poor. They became rich by spending less than they made No one gets rich who does not spend less than he makes. Every young man of ordinary ability in Wilmington can and should save something each month. The man who will not save a portion of a small salary will not save a portion of a large salary. The boy who saves something every month will be promoted before the boy who spends all he makes. True manhood is required to deny one's self and save. It is weakness and folly to spend all, regardless of the "rainy day." INDUSTRY, ECONOMY and INTEGRITY CAUSE PROSPERITY—not "LUCK" or "GOOD FORTUNE."
For reasonable interest and absolute security, deposit your savings in
The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.
aug 5 tf

NOW'S THE TIME.

The balance of our stock of Suitings and Trouserings AT COST. OUR $1 25 Negligee Shirts at
$1.00
this week. They are handsome and will catch your eye. Come in and look them over. All other Goods accordingly. SAVE MONEY by buying of us. Prices "CUT NO FIGURE" this season of the year.
M. H. CURRAN,
aug 6 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

FOR SALE.
THE KING GROCERY CO.
offer for sale their entire business, consisting of Good Will, Stock, Fixtures, Horses and Wagons. If buyer prefers, will sell Stock and Fixtures without Horses and Wagons. They are now doing a three thousand dollar business per month, and it has steadily increased since they began in 1897. The business is profitable, and it is EVERY CENT CASH. The manager can give satisfactory reasons for selling.
B. F. KING, Manager.
aug 6 tf

SHOES, SHOES.
GOOD SHOES, NEW SHOES, CHEAP SHOES, NICE SHOES.
For the Low Price on them, just cast your eye in the Show Window at No. 109 Market street, and you will see the nicest and prettiest line of brand new up-to-date Shoes in the city. These Shoes were bought cheap for the hard cash down. That places us in a position to sell our customers a good Shoe for a remarkable low price. We want to build up a good trade in the Shoe business, therefore we will sell Shoes very cheap.
REMEMBER our terms are strictly cash. DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,
H. VohGlahn's old stand, 109 Market street. We have 500 pairs of Ladies' Shoes to close out at 75c a pair. 200 pairs Men's Shoes to close out at 90c, at
GEO. O. GAYLORD'S
aug 13 tf NEW SHOE STORE.